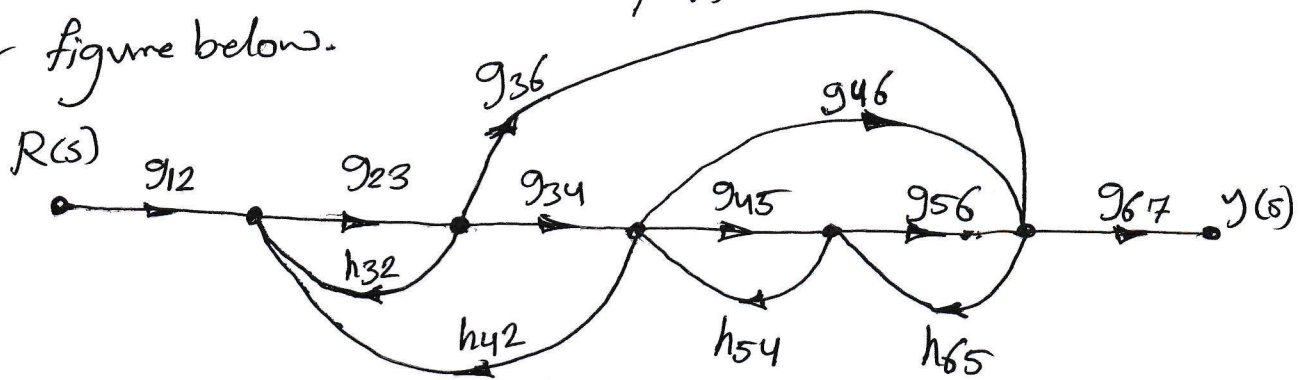


Ex Find the transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$ by Mason's gain formula for figure below.



1 - Forward paths

$$M_1 = g_{12} g_{23} g_{34} g_{45} g_{56} g_{67}$$

$$M_2 = g_{12} g_{23} g_{36} g_{67}$$

$$M_3 = g_{12} g_{23} g_{34} g_{46} g_{67}$$

2 - Loops

$$L_1 = g_{23} h_{32}$$

$$L_2 = g_{23} g_{34} h_{42}$$

$$L_3 = g_{45} h_{54}$$

$$L_4 = g_{56} h_{65}$$

$$L_5 = g_{46} h_{65} h_{54}$$

$$L_6 = g_{23} h_{36} h_{65} h_{54} h_{42}$$

3 - Two non touching loops.

$$P_{12} = L_1 L_3 = g_{23} g_{45} h_{32} h_{54}$$

$$P_{22} = L_1 L_4 = g_{23} g_{56} h_{32} h_{65}$$

$$P_{32} = L_1 L_5 = g_{23} g_{46} h_{32} h_{65} h_{54}$$

4 - Three non touching loops.

$$P_{m3} = P_{m4} = 0.$$

Now the determinant of the flow graph.

$$\Delta = 1 - (L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4 + L_5 + L_6) + P_{12} + P_{22} + P_{32}$$

$$= 1 - (g_{23}h_{32} + g_{23}g_{34}h_{42} + g_{45}h_{54} + g_{56}h_{65} + g_{46}h_{65}h_{54} + g_{23}h_{36}h_{65}h_{54}h_{42}) + (g_{23}g_{45}h_{32}h_{54} + g_{23}g_{56}h_{32}h_{65} + g_{23}g_{46}h_{32}h_{65}h_{54}).$$

Δ_1 : value of Δ which is non touching with M_1 .
all loop L_1 to L_6 have at least one node in common with M_1 .

$$\Delta_1 = 1$$

Δ_2 : value of Δ which is non touching with M_2 .
The loop L_3 is not having any common node with M_2 .

$$\Delta_2 = 1 - L_3 = 1 - g_{45}h_{54}$$

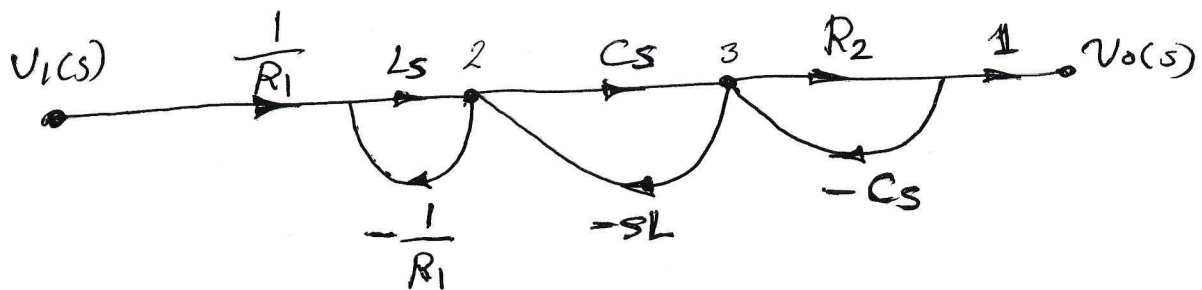
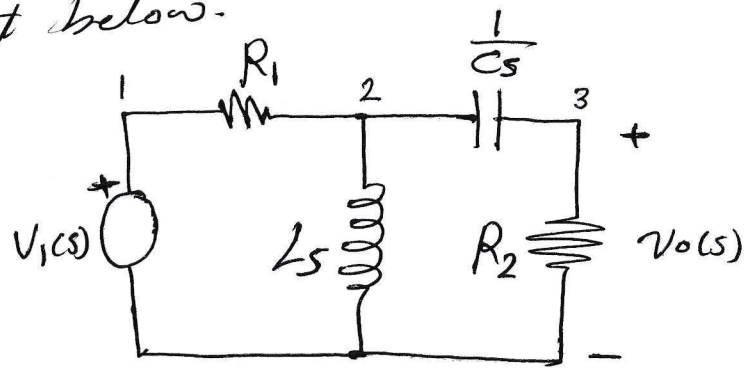
Δ_3 : value of Δ which is non touching with M_3 .

$$\Delta_3 = 1$$

Applying Mason's gain formula, we have

$$T(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{M_1 \Delta_1 + M_2 \Delta_2 + M_3 \Delta_3}{\Delta}$$

EX Find the transfer function $\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)}$ by Mason's gain formula for the circuit below.



1 - Forward path

$$M_1 = \frac{1}{R_1} \cdot sL \cdot Cs \cdot R_2$$

$$= \frac{LCS^2 R_2}{R_1}$$

2 - loop gain

$$L_1 = -\frac{sL}{R_1}$$

$$L_2 = Cs(-sL) = -s^2 LC$$

$$L_3 = -R_2 Cs$$

3- two non touching loops.

$$\begin{aligned}P_{12} &= L_1 L_3 \\ &= -\frac{SL}{R_1} (-R_2 Cs) \\ &= \frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot LCs^2\end{aligned}$$

4- the determinant of the flow graph.

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta &= 1 - (L_1 + L_2 + L_3) + P_{12} \\ &= 1 + \left(\frac{LS}{R_1} + S^2LC + R_2Cs\right) + \frac{R_2}{R_1} LCs^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta_1 = 1.$$

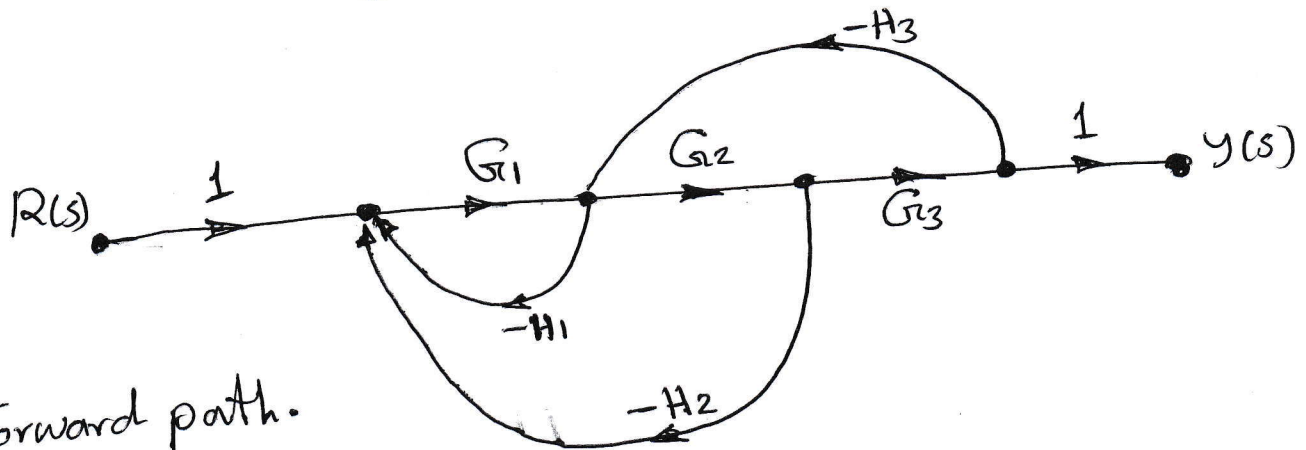
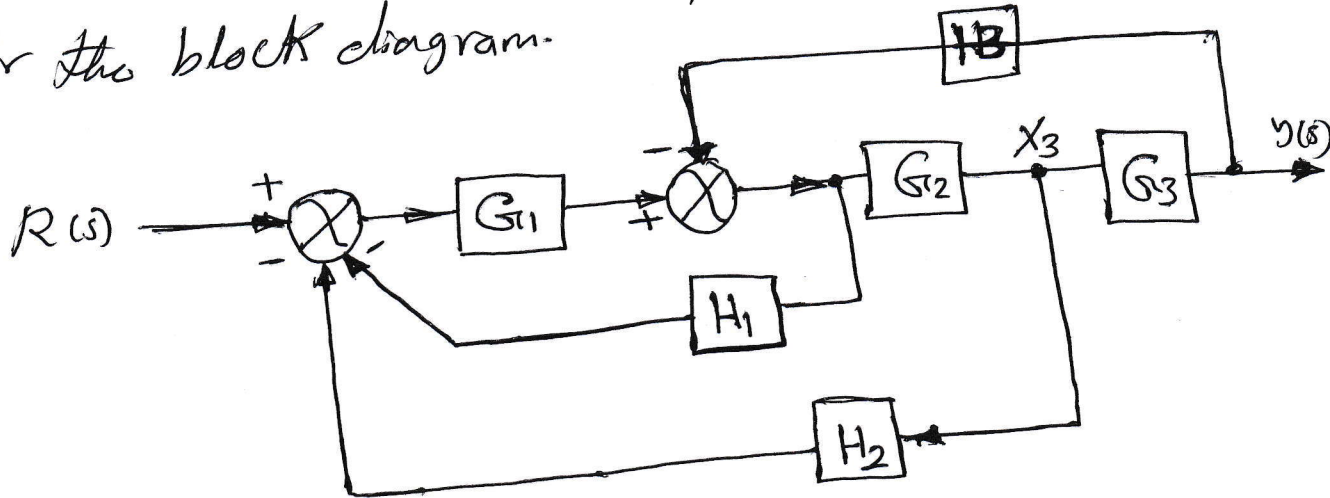
5- The Transfer function is

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} &= \frac{M_1 \Delta_1}{\frac{LCs^2 R_2}{R_1}} \\ &= \frac{LCs^2 R_2}{1 + \frac{LS}{R_1} + S^2LC + R_2Cs + \frac{R_2}{R_1} LCs^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{LCs^2 R_2}{S^2LC(R_1 + R_2) + S(R_1 R_2 C + L) + R_1}$$

EX

Find the transfer function by Mason's gain formula for the block diagram.



1 - Forward path.

$$M_1 = G_1 G_2 G_3$$

2 - Loop gain.

$$L_1 = -G_1 H_1$$

$$L_2 = -G_1 G_2 H_2$$

$$L_3 = -G_2 G_3 H_3$$

3 - Two or more non touching loops are not present

$$P = 0$$

4 - The determinant of the graph.

$$\Delta = 1 + G_1 H_1 + G_1 G_2 H_2 + G_2 G_3 H_3$$

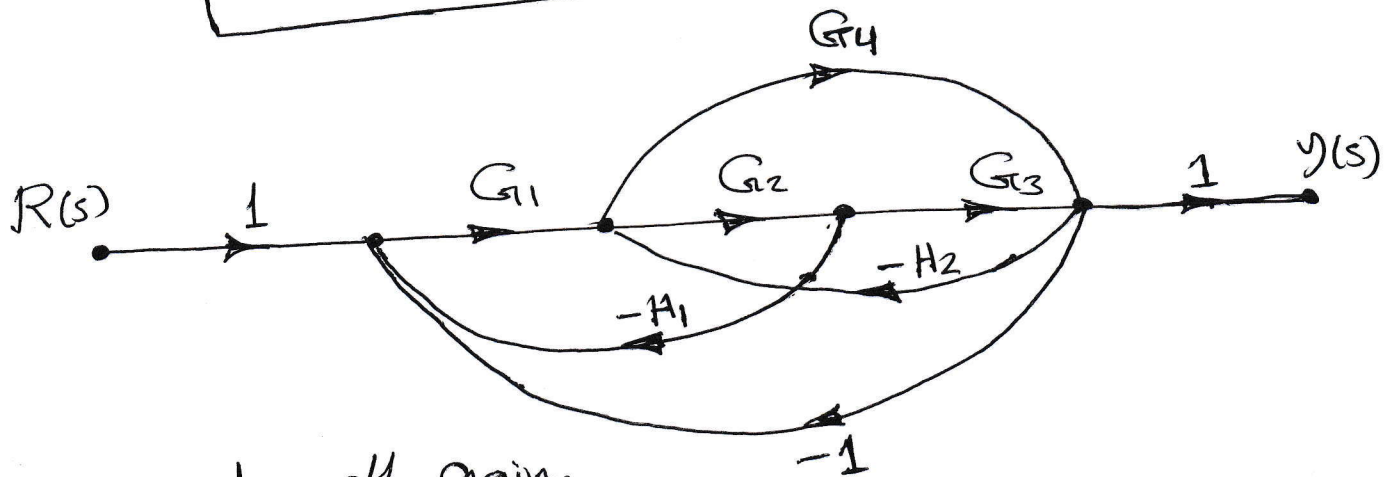
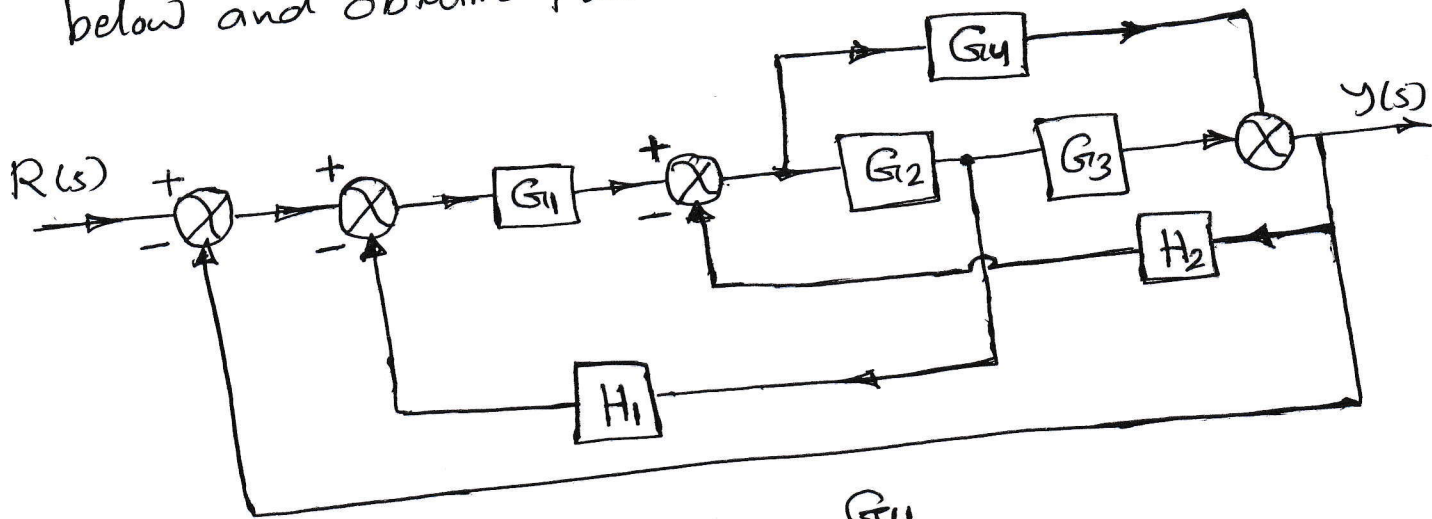
$$\Delta_1 = 1$$

5- Transfer Function.

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{M_1 \Delta_1}{\Delta}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_1 H_1 + G_1 H_2 + G_2 G_3 H_3}$$

EX Draw the signal flow graph for the block diagram below and obtain the transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$.



1 - Forward path gain.

$$M_1 = G_1 G_2 G_3$$

$$M_2 = G_1 G_4$$

2- Loop gains.

$$L_1 = -G_1 G_2 H_1$$

$$L_2 = -G_2 G_3 H_2$$

$$L_3 = -G_1 G_2 G_3$$

$$L_4 = -G_4 H_2$$

$$L_5 = -G_1 G_4$$

3- two or more non touching loops.

$$P = 0$$

4- the determinant of the graph

$$\Delta = 1 + G_1 G_2 H_1 + G_2 G_3 H_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3 + G_4 H_2 + G_1 G_4$$

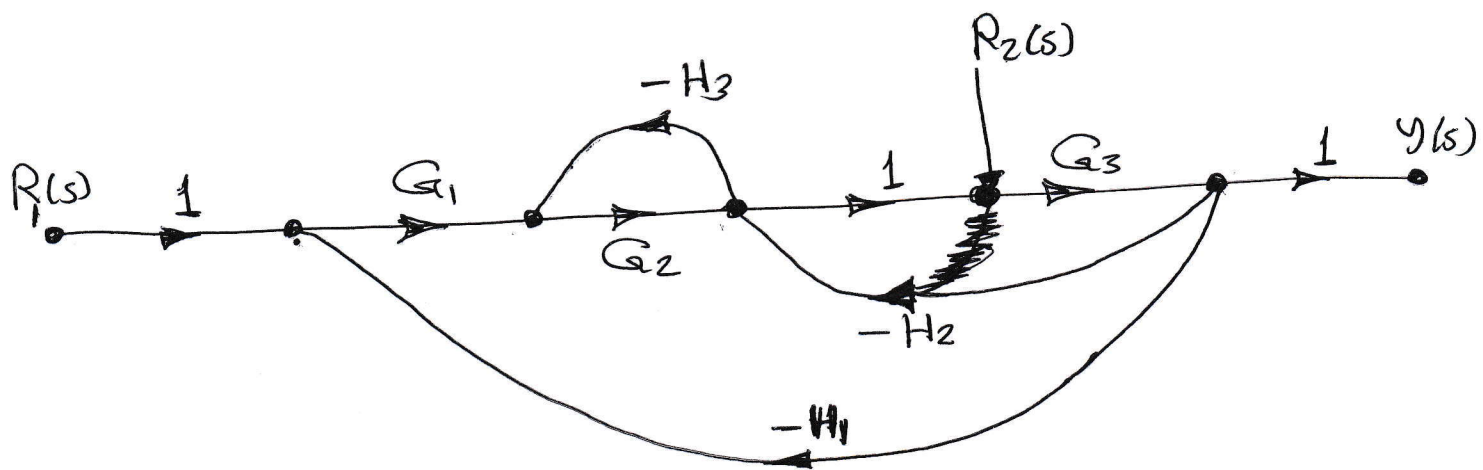
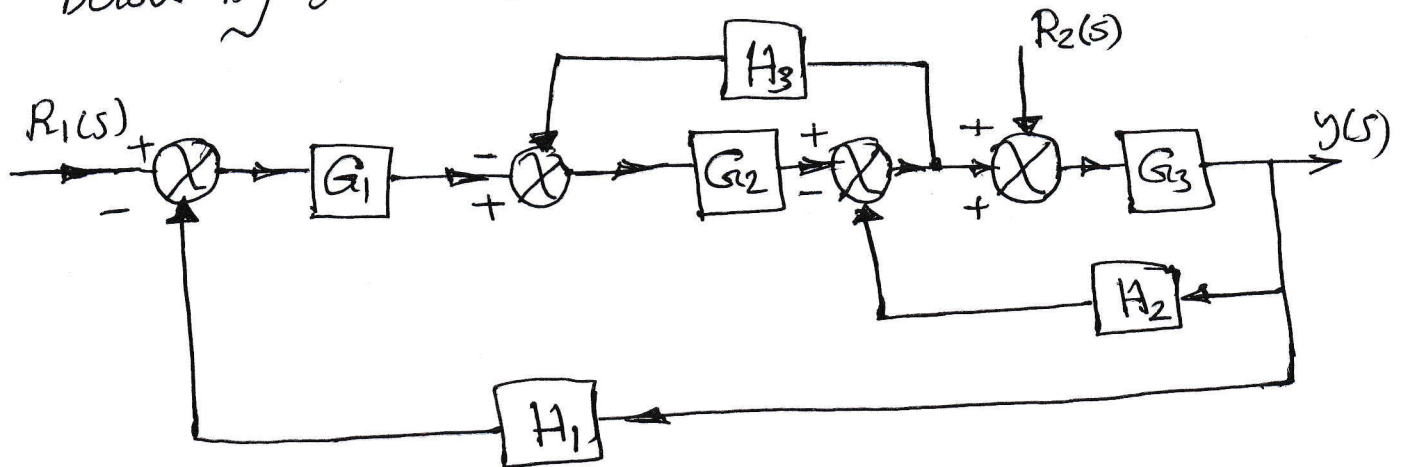
$$\Delta_1 = 1$$

$$\Delta_2 = 1$$

5- The transfer function is,

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 (G_2 G_3 + G_4)}{1 + G_1 G_2 H_1 + G_2 G_3 H_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3 + G_4 H_2 + G_1 G_4}$$

EX Find the transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R_1(s)}$ and $\frac{Y(s)}{R_2(s)}$ in Figure below by Mason's gain formula.



(a) for Transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R_1(s)}$, $R_2(s) = 0$

1 - forward path gain

$$M_1 = G_1 G_2 G_3$$

2 - loop gain

$$L_1 = -G_2 H_3$$

$$L_2 = -G_3 H_2$$

$$L_3 = -G_1 G_2 G_3 H_1$$

3- two or more non touching loops are not present

$$P=0$$

4- the determinant of the graph.

$$\Delta = 1 + G_2 H_3 + G_3 H_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3 H_1$$

$$\Delta_1 = 1$$

5- The transfer function is,

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_3 + G_3 H_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3 H_1}$$

(b) Transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R_2(s)}$, $R_1(s) = 0$

1- Forward path gains

$$M_1 = G_3$$

2- loop gains

$$L_1 = -G_3 H_2$$

$$L_2 = -G_3 H_1 G_1 G_2$$

$$L_3 = -G_2 H_3$$

3- Two or more nontouching loops are not present, $P=0$

4- Determinant of the graph

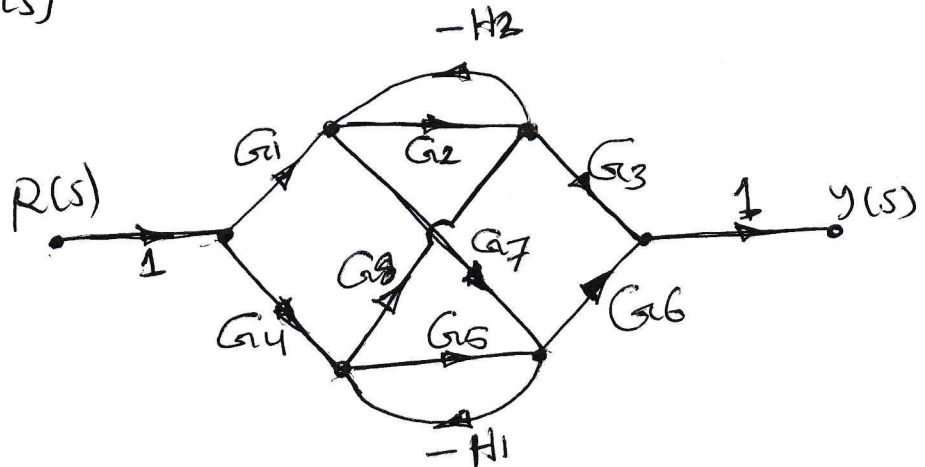
$$\Delta = 1 + G_3 H_2 + G_3 H_1 G_1 G_2 + G_2 H_3$$

$$\Delta_1 = 1 + G_2 H_3$$

5- Transfer function,

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_3 (1 + G_2 H_3)}{1 + G_3 H_2 + G_3 H_1 G_1 G_2 + G_2 H_3}$$

EX obtain $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$ for the signal flow graph.



1- Forward path gains

$$M_1 = G_1 G_2 G_3$$

$$M_2 = G_1 G_7 G_6$$

$$M_3 = - G_1 G_7 H_1 G_8 G_3$$

$$M_4 = - G_4 G_8 H_2 G_7 G_6$$

$$M_5 = G_4 G_5 G_6$$

$$M_6 = G_4 G_8 G_3$$

2- loop gains.

$$L_1 = -G_2 H_2$$

$$L_2 = -G_5 H_1$$

$$L_3 = G_7 H_1 G_8 H_2$$

3- Two non touching loops.

$$L_1 \text{ and } L_2 \Rightarrow P_2 = G_2 G_5 H_1 H_2$$

4- The determinant of the graph is

$$\Delta = 1 + G_2 H_2 + G_5 H_1 - G_7 G_8 H_1 H_2 + G_2 G_5 H_1 H_2$$

$$\Delta_1 = (1 + H_1 G_5)$$

$$\Delta_2 = \Delta_3 = \Delta_4 = \Delta_6 = 1$$

$$\Delta_5 = 1 + H_2 G_2$$

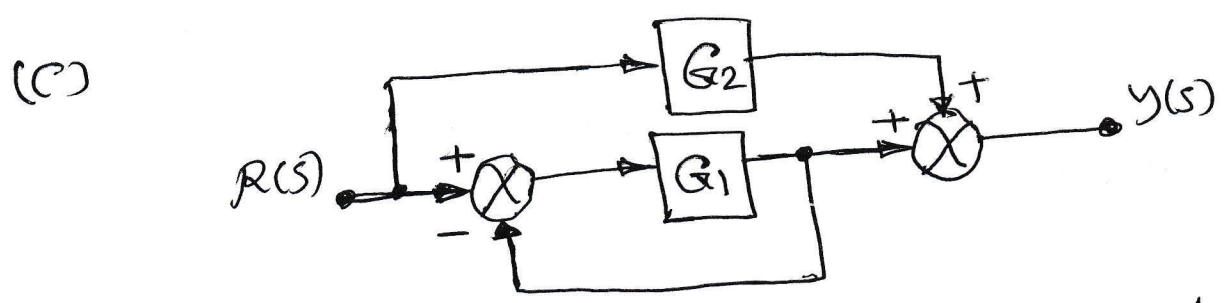
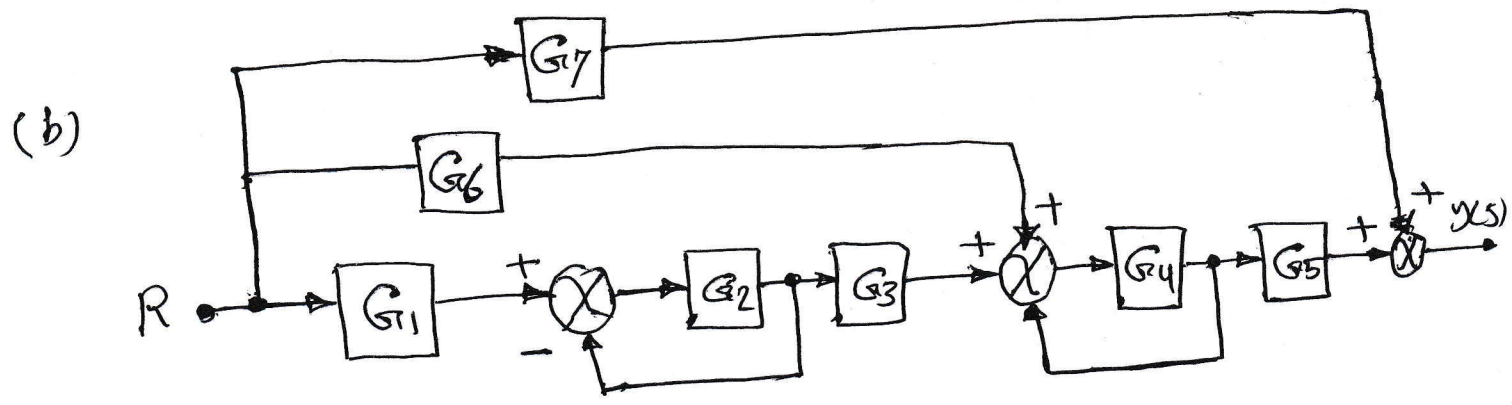
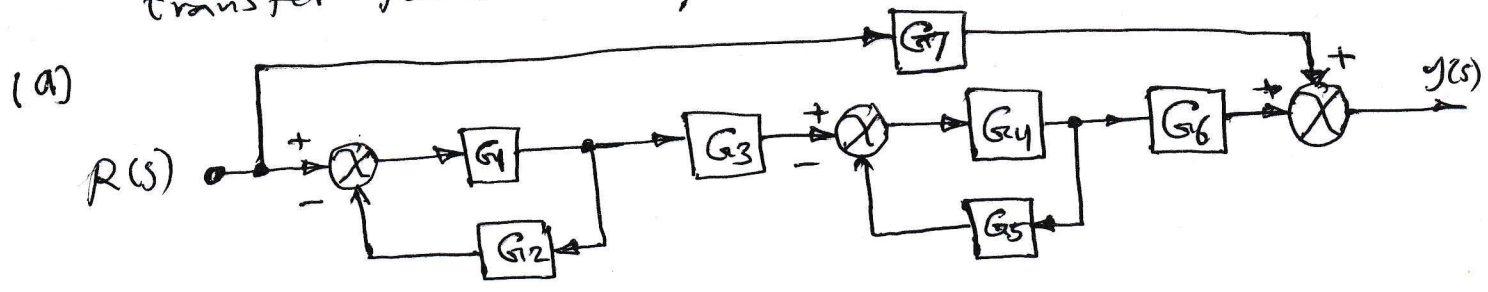
5- The transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)}$ is,

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3 (1 + H_1 G_5) + G_1 G_7 G_6 - G_1 G_7 H_1 G_8 G_3 - G_4 G_8 H_2 G_7 G_6 + G_4 G_5 G_6 (1 + H_2 G_2) + G_4 G_8 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_2 + G_5 H_1 - G_7 G_8 H_1 H_2 + G_2 G_5 H_1 H_2}$$

Block diagram

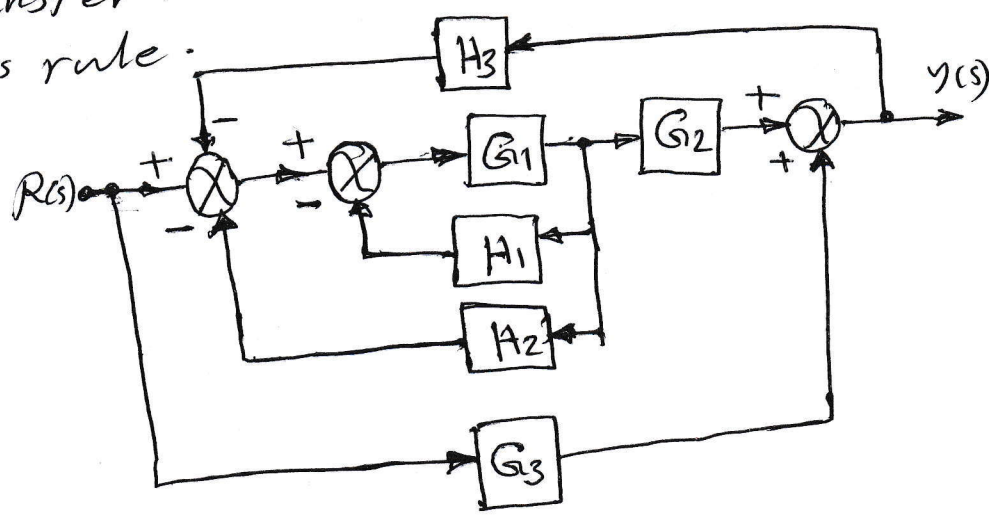
Homework 2

Q1 Reduction the block diagrams below and find the transfer function $y(s)/R(s)$.

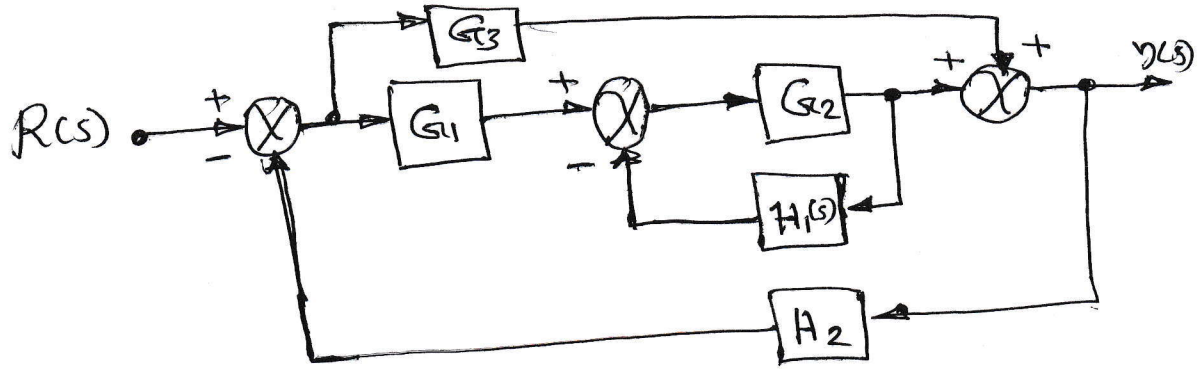


Q2 Find the transfer function for the block diagrams using Mason's rule.

(a)



b)



Q3 Use block-diagram algebra and Mason's rule to determine the transfer function between $R(s)$ and $Y(s)$ in figure below.

